

# High Temperature Acoustic Borehole Imager

## QL85 ABI™

### Technical specifications

<b>Diameter</b>	85 mm (3 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>8</sub> "")
<b>Length</b>	
with "inline" centralisers	5.2 m (205")
without "inline" centralisers	3.7 m (145")
<b>Weight</b>	150 kgs
<b>Operational temp &amp; pressure</b>	See figure 1
<b>Acoustic sensor</b>	Fixed transducer and rotating focusing mirror
<b>Focusing</b>	Collimated acoustic beam
<b>Frequency</b>	1.2 MHz
<b>Caliper resolution</b>	0.08mm (0.003")
<b>Deviation sensor</b>	APS544-3 axis magnetometer - 3 axis accelerometer

### Operating conditions

<b>Cable type</b>	Multi conductor recommended
<b>Compatibility SCOUT/OPAL</b>	Scout / Opal (ALTIlogger / Bbox)
<b>Digital data transmission</b>	
<b>Telemetry</b>	Variable baudrate telemetry according to cable length/type & surface system
<b>Centralisation</b>	Required
<b>Borehole fluid</b>	Water, water based mud, brine, oil (oil based mud not applicable)

### Options

<b>Centralisers</b>	In-line 85 mm & 92 mm (OD versions)
<b>Pressure housing</b>	92 mm (OD version)
<b>Fluid excluder</b> (figure 2)	7.5" (OD version)

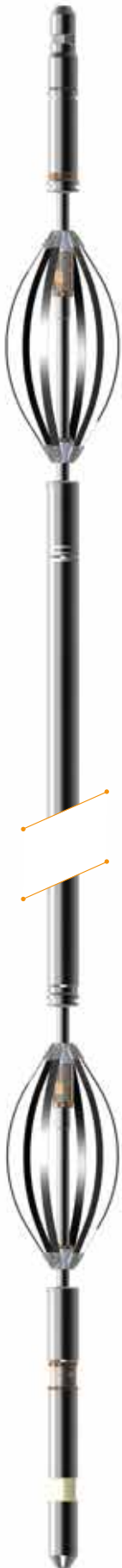
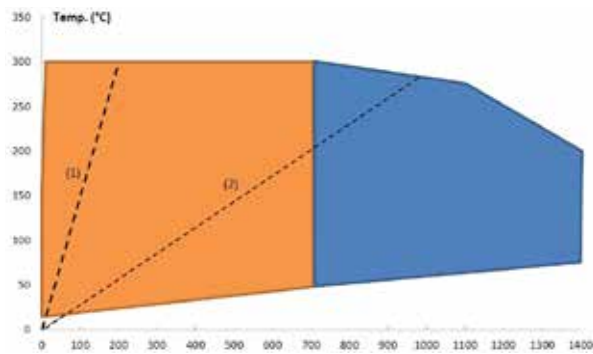


figure 2



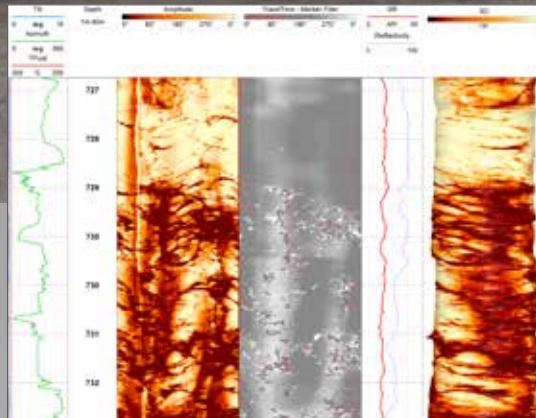
- (1) Geothermal gradient - hot spot
- (2) Geothermal gradient - common

### Pressure (bar)

- Applicable for QL85-ABI with 85mm and 92mm pressure housing
- Applicable for QL85-ABI with 92mm pressure housing only

## Open hole

- Detailed and oriented caliper and structural information
- Borehole deformation (stress field analysis)
- Fracture detection and evaluation
- Breakout analysis
- Lithology characterization (detection of thin beds, determination of bedding dip)
- Rock strength



Since the delivery of the first 2 systems to Sandia National Laboratories in 2005, the ABI85 has been deployed successfully in several geothermal fields including Iceland, New Zealand, Australia & Japan.

## Publications

C.Massiot, D.D. McNamara, B.Lewis (2014) Processing and analysis of high temperature geothermal acoustic borehole image logs in the Taupo Volcanic Zone, New Zealand (Geothermics 53, 2015)

Wallis, McNamara, Rowland & Massiot (2012) « The Nature of Fracture Permeability in the Basement Greywacke at Kawerau Geothermal Field, New Zealand, Proceedings 37<sup>th</sup> Workshop on Geothermal Reservoir Engineering, Stanford University, January 30- February 1, 2012

Davatzes, N.C. and Hickman, S.H. (2010), "The Feedback Between Stress, Faulting, and Fluid Flow: Lessons from the Coso Geothermal Field, CA, USA", Proceedings World Geothermal Congress 2010, Bali, Indonesia.